Introduced by Senator Lowenthal

February 27, 2009

An act to amend and renumber Section 1760 of, to add a heading to Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1720) of, and to add Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1740) to, Part 2 of Division 6 of, the Harbors and Navigation Code, relating to ports.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 632, as introduced, Lowenthal. Ports: congestion relief: air pollution mitigation.

(1) Existing law regulates the operation of ports and harbors.

This bill would require the Ports of Long Beach, Los Angeles, and Oakland, beginning January 1, 2010, to assess their infrastructure and air quality improvement needs, including, but not limited to, projects that improve the efficiency of the movement of cargo while reducing pollution associated with the movement of that cargo, and the replacement of trucks, cargo handling equipment, locomotives, and ships that move that cargo.

The bill would require each port to provide this assessment to the Legislature by July 1, 2010, and to include in the assessment the total costs of the infrastructure and air quality improvements and possible funding options for these projects.

By imposing these additional duties upon the ports this bill would establish a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

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Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The heading of Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1720) is added to Part 2 of Division 6 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, immediately preceding Section 1720, to read:

Chapter 1. Port Facility Construction

SEC. 2. Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1740) is added to Part 2 of Division 6 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, to read:

Chapter 2. Port Congestion Relief and Port Mitigation Relief

- 1740. The Legislature hereby finds and declares all of the following:
- (a) The Ports of Long Beach, Los Angeles, and Oakland operate in unique communities, environments, and markets that require infrastructure improvements and air pollution reduction measures tailored to the nature and degree of need in each port of each community.
- (b) There is a need to mitigate the enormous burden imposed on the highway transportation system serving the Ports of Long Beach, Los Angles, and Oakland by the overland movement of container cargo shipped to and from those ports.
- (c) The operations at the ports, including the movement of locomotives, ships, and trucks that move cargo containers to and from the ports, cause air pollution that requires mitigation. This pollution contributes to the thousands of premature deaths and billions of dollars of health costs each year attributable to goods movement pollution in California.
- 1750. Beginning January 1, 2010, the Port of Long Beach shall assess its infrastructure and air quality improvement needs including, but not limited to, projects that improve the efficiency of the movement of cargo while reducing pollution associated with the movement of that cargo, and the replacement of the trucks,

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cargo handling equipment, locomotives, and ships that move that cargo. On or before July 1, 2010, the port shall provide this assessment to the Legislature and shall include, but not be limited to, an assessment of total costs of the infrastructure and air quality improvements as well as all of the possible funding options for those projects.

1760. Beginning January 1, 2010, the Port of Los Angeles shall assess its infrastructure and air quality improvement needs including, but not limited to, projects that improve the efficiency of the movement of cargo while reducing pollution associated with the movement of that cargo, and the replacement of the trucks, cargo handling equipment, locomotives, and ships that move that cargo. On or before July 1, 2010, the port shall provide this assessment to the Legislature and shall include, but not be limited to, an assessment of total costs of the infrastructure and air quality improvements as well as all of the possible funding options for those projects.

1770. Beginning January 1, 2010, the Port of Oakland shall assess its infrastructure and air quality improvement needs including, but not limited to, projects that improve the efficiency of the movement of cargo while reducing pollution associated with the movement of that cargo, and the replacement of the trucks, cargo handling equipment, locomotives, and ships that move that cargo. On or before July 1, 2010, the port shall provide this assessment to the Legislature and shall include, but not be limited to, an assessment of total costs of the infrastructure and air quality improvements as well as all of the possible funding options for those projects.

SEC. 3. Section 1760 of the Harbors and Navigation Code is amended and renumbered to read:

1760.

- 1730. (a) For purposes of this section, "council" means the California Marine and Intermodal Transportation System Advisory Council, a regional subunit of the Marine Transportation System National Advisory Council chartered by the federal Secretary of Transportation under the Federal Advisory Council Act—(P.L. 92-463) (Public Law 92-463).
- (b) The council is requested to do all of the following:
- 39 (1) Meet, hold public hearings, and compile data on issues that 40 include, but need not be limited to, all of the following:

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(A) The projected growth of each maritime port in the state.

- (B) The costs and benefits of developing a coordinated state program to obtain federal funding for maritime port growth, security, and congestion relief.
- (C) Impacts of maritime port growth on the state's transportation system.
- (D) Air pollution caused by movement of goods through the state's maritime ports, and proposed methods of mitigating or alleviating that pollution.
- (E) Maritime port security, including, but not limited to, training, readiness, certification of port personnel, exercise planning and conduct, and critical marine transportation system infrastructure protection.
- (F) A statewide plan for continuing operation of maritime ports in cooperation with the United States Coast Guard, the federal Department of Homeland Security, the Office of Emergency Services, the state Office of Homeland Security California Emergency Management Agency, and the California National Guard, consistent with the state's emergency management system and the national emergency management system, in the event of a major incident or disruption of port operations in one or more of the state's maritime ports.
- (G) State marine transportation policy, legislation, and planning; regional infrastructure project funding; competitiveness; environmental impacts; port safety and security; and any other matters affecting the marine transportation system of the United States within, or affecting, the state.
- (2) Identify all state agencies that are involved with the development, planning, or coordination of maritime ports in the state.
- (3) Identify other states that have a statewide port master plan and determine whether that plan has assisted those states in improving their maritime ports.
- (4) Compile all information obtained pursuant to paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, and submit its findings in a report to the Legislature not later than January 1, 2006. The report should include, but need not be limited to, recommendations on methods to better manage the growth of maritime ports and address the environmental impacts of moving goods through those ports.

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(c) The activities of the council pursuant to this section shall not be funded with appropriations from the General Fund.

SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because a local agency or school district has the authority to levy service charges, fees, or assessments sufficient to pay for the program or

7 level of service mandated by this act, within the meaning of Section

8 17556 of the Government Code.

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